

African Centre of Meteorological Applications for Development (ACMAD)

Continental Multi-Hazard & Advisory Bulletin



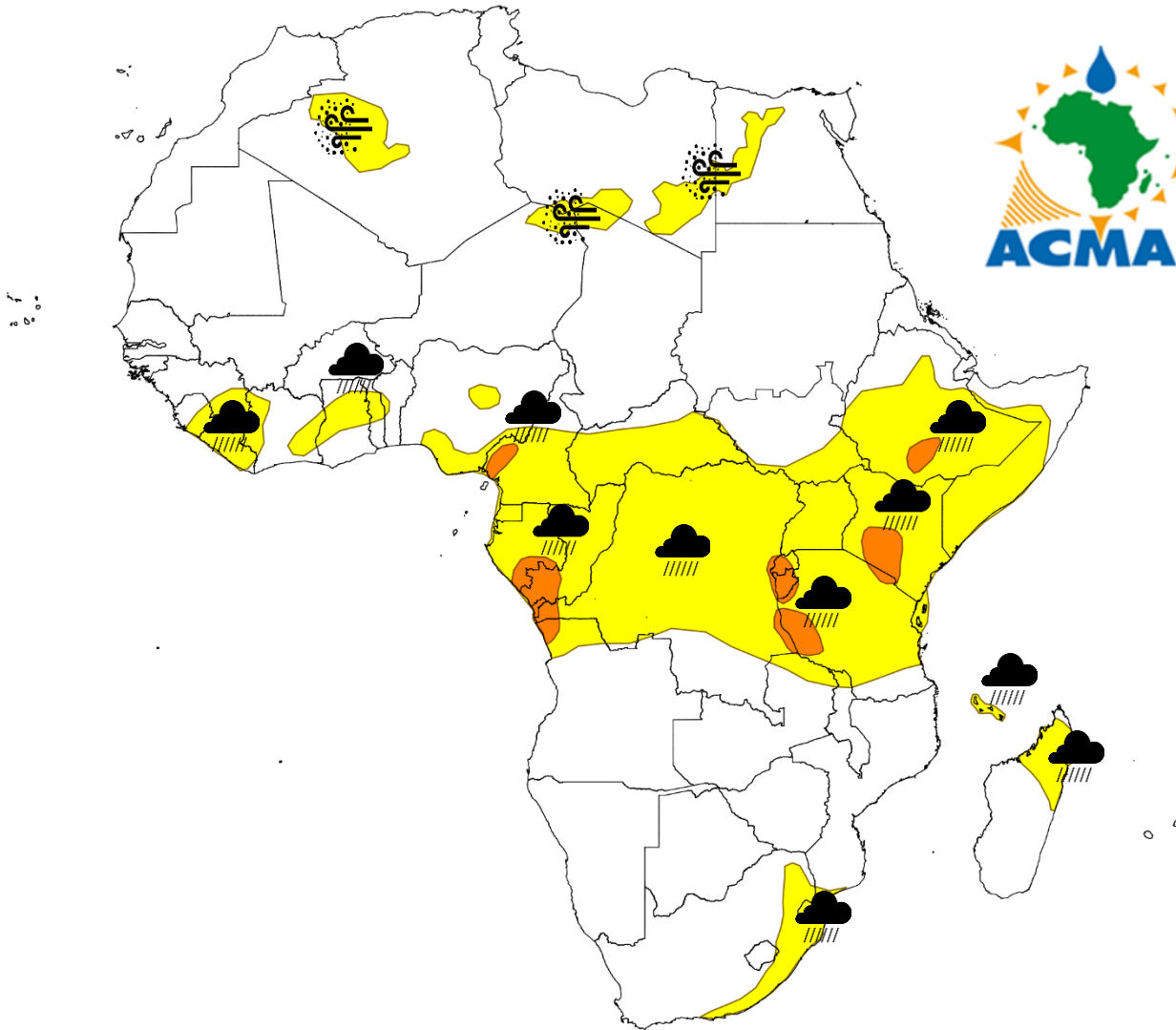
Issued on: April 25th 2024

Validity period: April 26th to 30th, 2024

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-04-26

issued on 2024-04-25

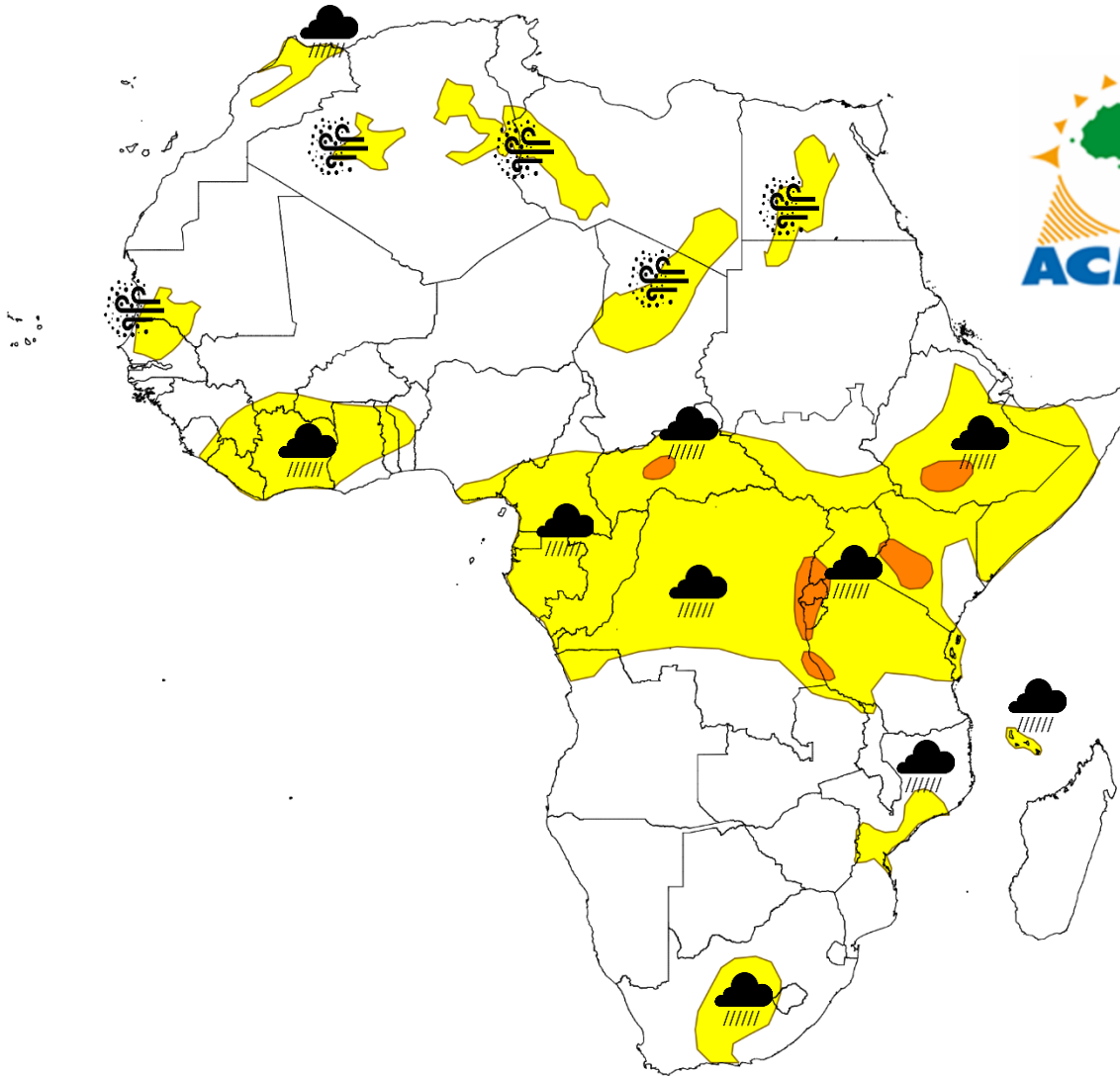


 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-04-27

issued on 2024-04-25

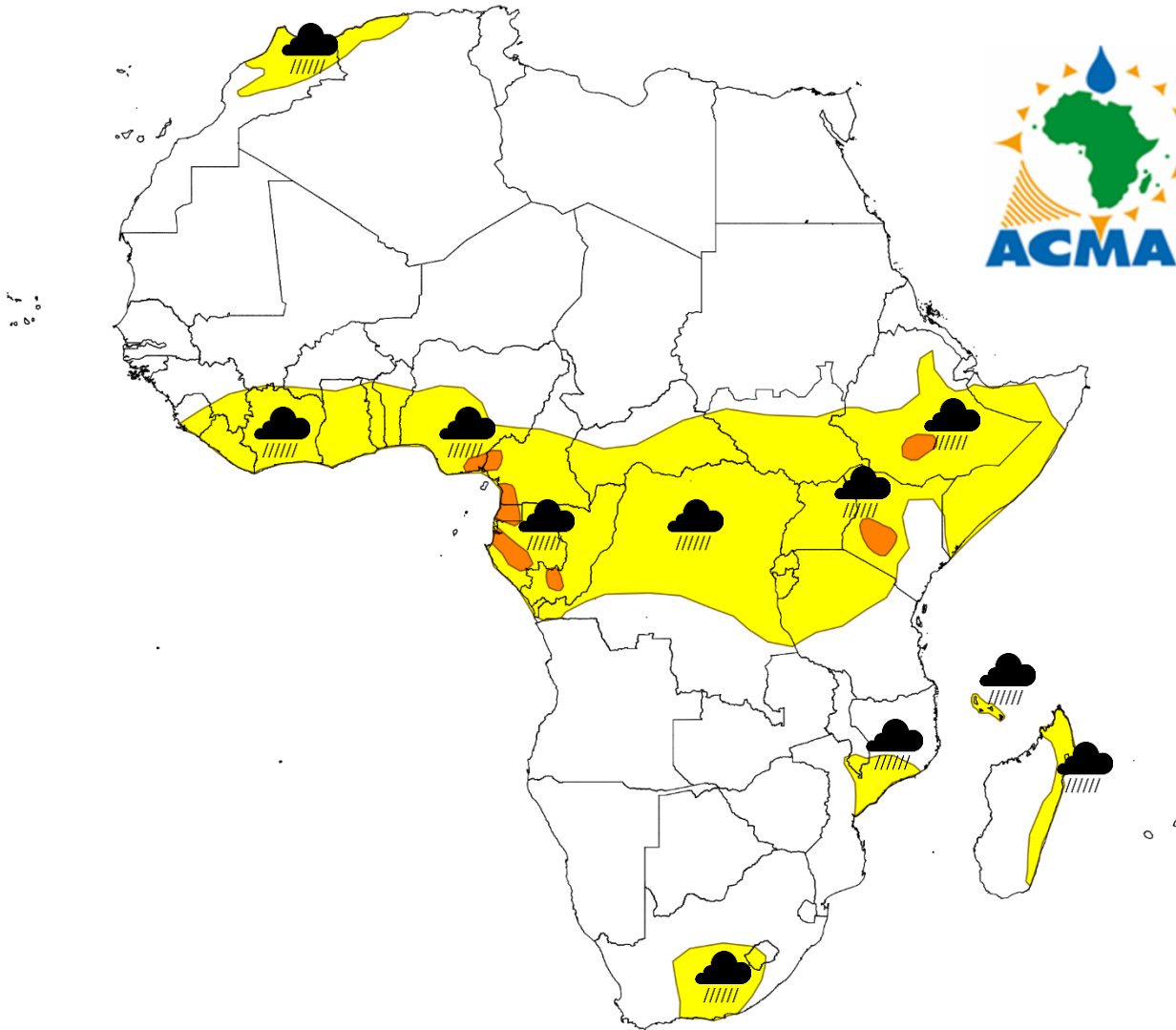


 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-04-28

issued on 2024-04-25

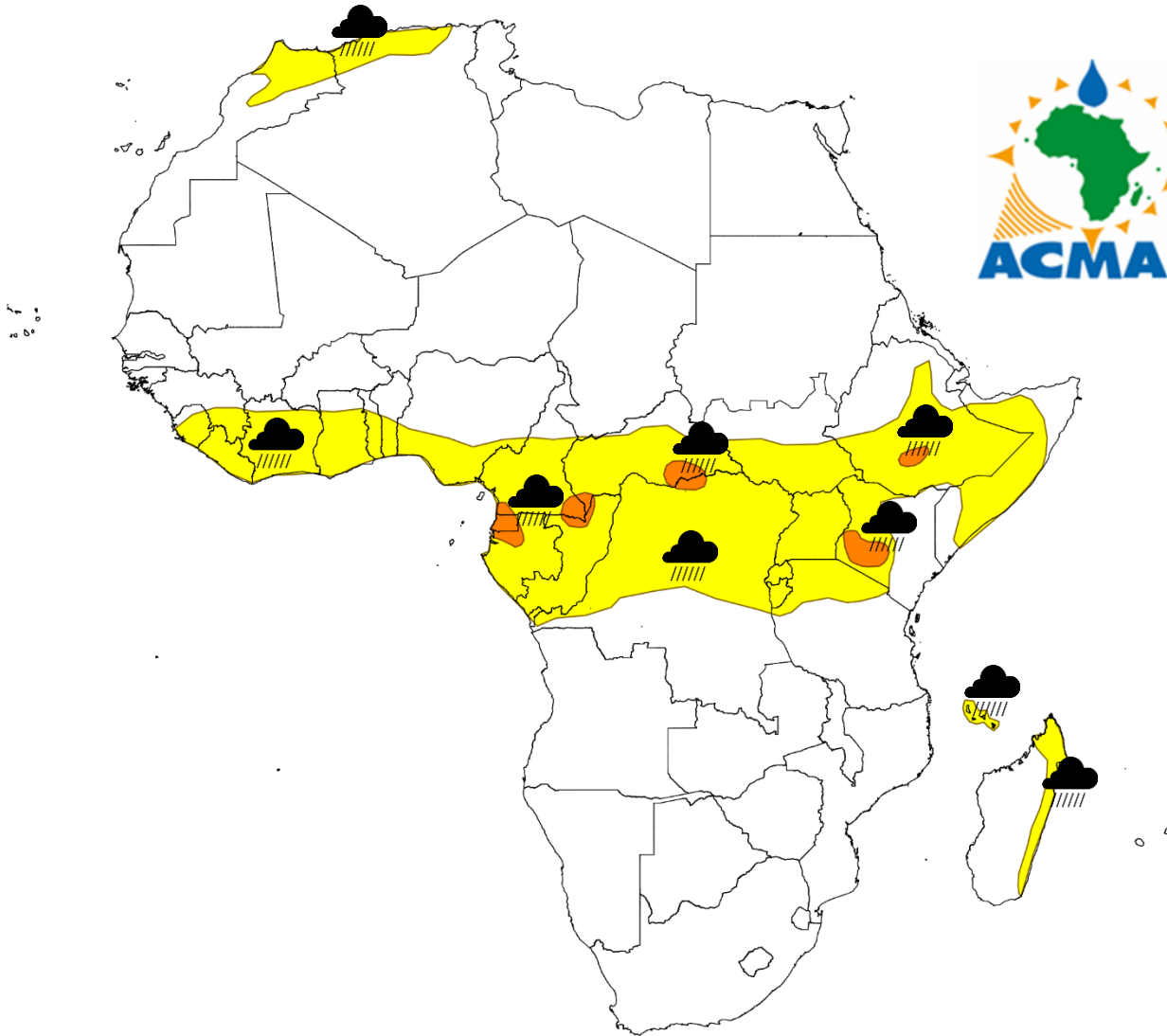


 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-04-29

issued on 2024-04-25

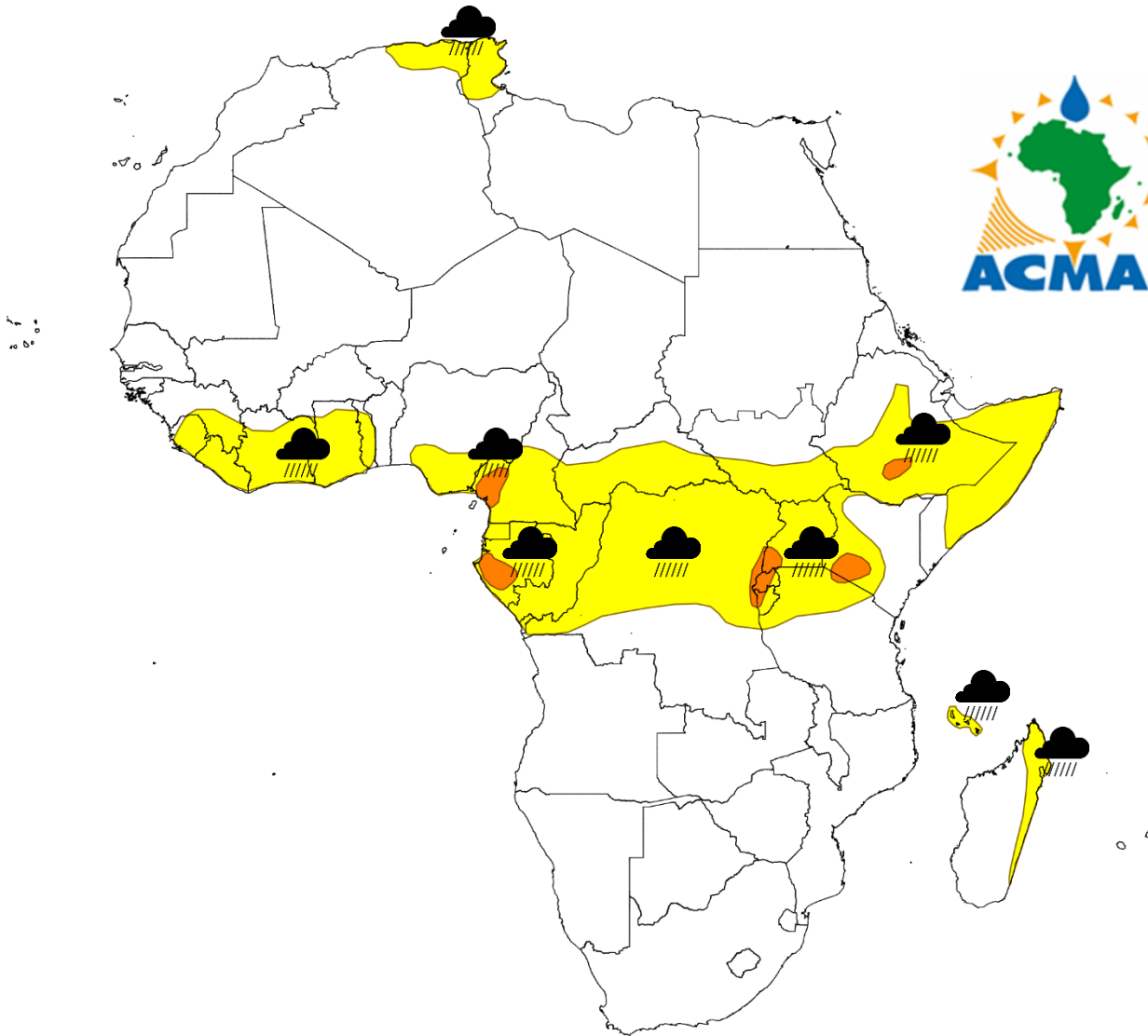


 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

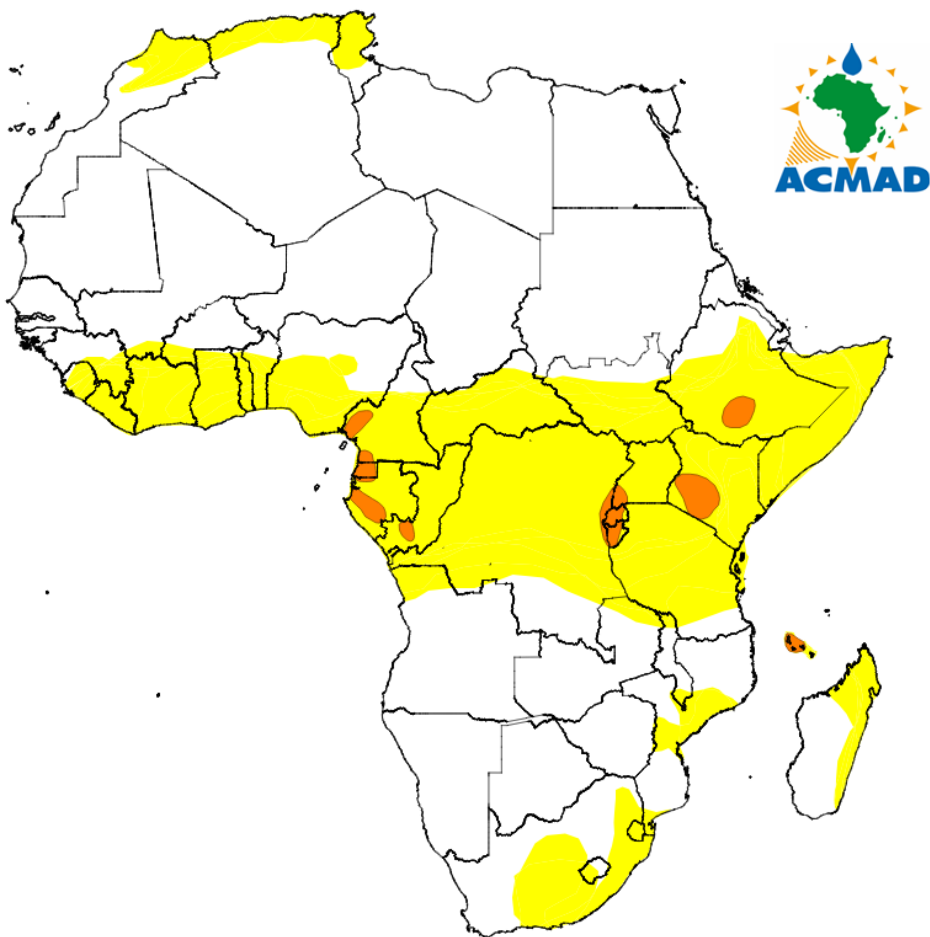
Validity: 2023-04-30

issued on 2023-04-25



 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

HIGHLIGHT: Heavy rainfall is expected in Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Congo, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Kenya, Ethiopia and Comoros

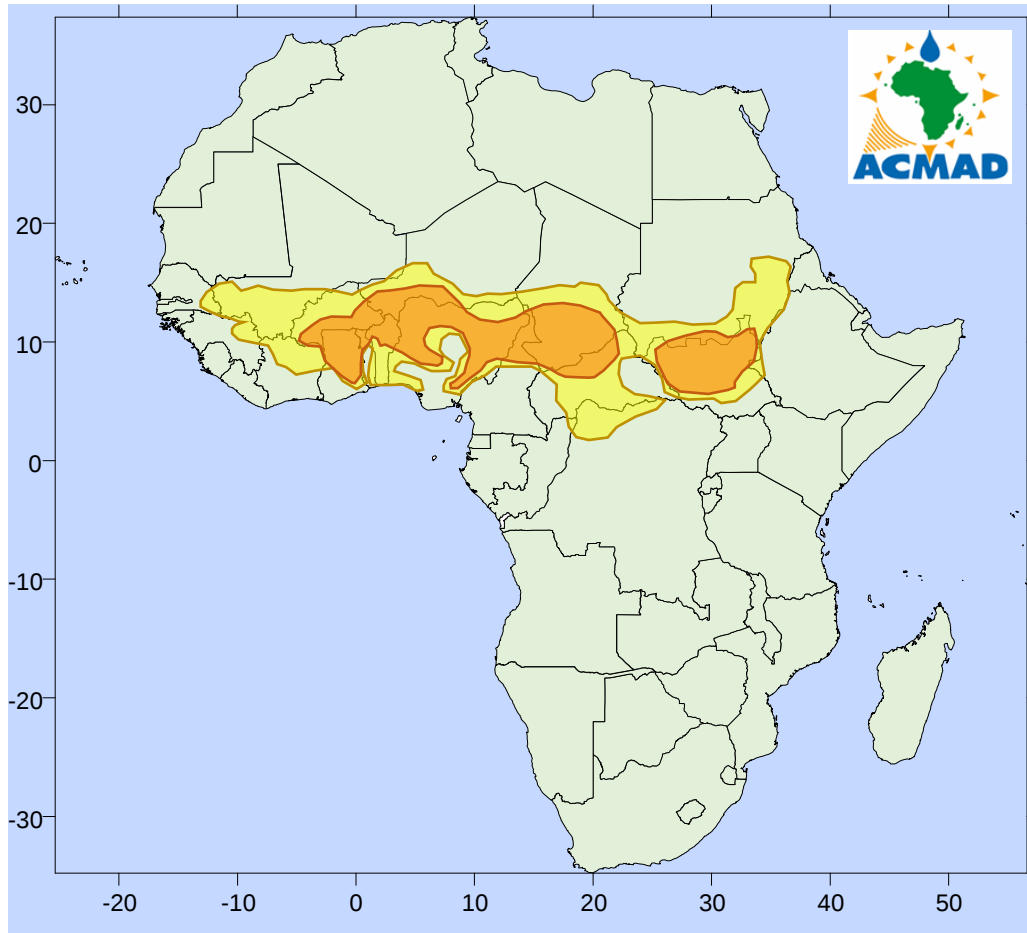


	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (50-100mm) is likely,	Moderate rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning likely	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	DRM authorities to keep informed about the development of the meteorological situation and raise awareness, taking action is more likely, the situation needs to be monitored closely with NHMSs
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (100 – 150mm) is very likely,	Heavy rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds,	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	Update Flood contingency plans, Improve water management in reservoirs and dams, DRM authorities be ready to take adequate actions, DRM to be continuously in touch with NHMSs to be informed of the detailed expected meteorological conditions.
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (>150mm) is very likely,	Extreme heavy precipitation, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds, severe thunderstorms	Loss of lives, Injuries, Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	Civil Protection service and DRM authorities to activate contingency plan for disaster preparedness and emergency response (awareness, assistance to victims, search & rescue operations), and be in close touch with NHMS for further accuracy at the national level.

Disclaimer: The presentation of country boundaries on the map does not imply any opinion whatsoever on the part of ACMAD concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.

HIGHLIGHT: Moderate heat wave is expected in Burkina Faso, Ghana, Togo, Benin, Niger, Nigeria, Cameroon, Chad, C.A.R., Sudan, and South Sudan.

Light heat wave is expected in Senegal, Mali, Cote d'Ivoire, and D.R.C.



	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days apparent temperature >40°C to 44°C are expected for two days	Heat wave Conditions persists on 2days	Moderate temperature heat is tolerable for general public but moderate health concern for vulnerable people(people chronic diseases, infants and elderly)	Civil Protection Services to monitor closely the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	apparent temperature 40°C to 44°C are expected for more than 2 days	Moderate heat wave conditions are likely to persist for 3days ore more with varied severity	High temperature Increased likelihood of heat illness symptoms in people who are either exposed to sun for a prolonged period or doing heavy work High health concern for vulnerable people	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	Apparent temperatures >45°C are expected for more than 2 days	Severe heat wave is very likely to persist for more than 2 days,	Very high likelihood of developing heat illness and heat stroke in all ages	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the strong heat wave situation with NHMSs.

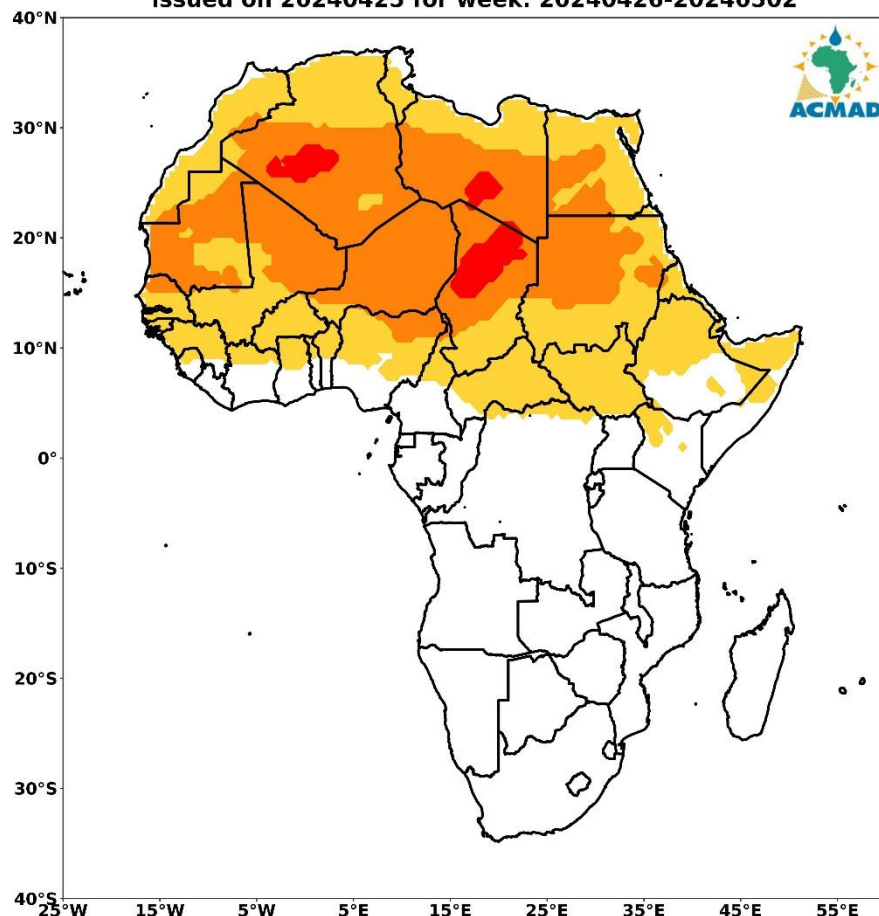
Disclaimer:

The presentation of country boundaries on the map does not imply any opinion whatsoever on the part of ACMAD concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.

HIGHLIGHT: Emergence of Meningitis cases is very likely and epidemics status possible in Algeria, Libya and Chad

Emergence of Meningitis cases likely in Senegal, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Egypt, and Sudan.

VIGILANCE MAP FOR MENINGITIS OUTBREAKS IN AFRICA
issued on 20240425 for week: 20240426-20240502



Disclaimer:

The presentation of country boundaries on the map does not imply any opinion whatsoever on the part of ACMAD concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.

	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	Advisory / Measures
	- Dust concentration below 150µg/m³ - Relative humidity above 40% - Temperature below 27°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases not likely	Potential pressure on the health system	Routine surveillance systems at regional and national levels
	- Dust concentration between 150 to 400µg/m³ - Relative humidity between 20 & 40% - Temperature above 27°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely	Loss of life, high potential pressure on the health system	Activation of surveillance systems at regional and national levels
	- Dust Concentration at least 400µg/m³ and above - Relative humidity less than 20% - Temperature above 30°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely and epidemic status possible	Loss of life, increased pressure on the health system	Strengthen and increase meningitis surveillance systems at both regional and national levels

Contributors

Name	Function	Date
Dr. Lawal Kamoru Abiodun	Thematic expert in Climate Change	25-04-2024
Godefroid Nshimirimana	Thematic expert in meteorology	25-04-2024
Leon Guy Razafindrakoto	Thematic expert in meteorology	25-04-2024
Esther Modi Mbog	On job training	25-04-2024
Arcene Mohamed	On job training	25-04-2024
Loula Mahamoud	On job training	25-04-2024
Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Senior Expert Forecaster	25-04-2024

Versions

Version	Date	By	Descriptions
V0	25-04-2024	WWFD forecasters	First draft for « Briefing », with all forecaster’s contributions
Last	25-04-2024	Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Final Review



**This work is supported by the ClimSA project as
part of implementation of the WMO's Global
Framework for Climate Services**



ClimSA

INTRA-ACP CLIMATE SERVICES AND RELATED APPLICATIONS PROGRAMME



An initiative of the Organisation of African, Caribbean
and Pacific States funded by the European Union



Disclaimer:

The presentation of country boundaries on the maps does not imply any opinion whatsoever on the part of ACMAD concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.